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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/071,667	02/08/2002	Kathy K. Wang	OSTEONICS 3.0-380	4016	
530	7590 12/31/2003	, <i>'</i>	EXAMINER		
LERNER, DAVID, LITTENBERG,			PRIDDY, MICHAEL B		
KRUMHOL	Z & MENTLIK				
600 SOUTH	AVENUE WEST		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
WESTFIELD	), NJ 07090		3732	12	
			DATE MAILED, 12/21/2001	DATE MAILED: 12/21/2002	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

<b>,</b>				Dr		
	Application	No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/071,667		WANG ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit			
	Michael B Pri	iddy	3732			
The MAILING DATE of this communication			orrespondence ad	ldress		
Period for Reply		EVELEE ( MONTH	(O) 5DOM			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RETHE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CF after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory properties to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by some and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ON. FR 1.136(a). In no event, on. a reply within the statutor period will apply and will eyestatute. cause the applicat	however, may a reply be tin y minimum of thirty (30) day kpire SIX (6) MONTHS from tion to become ABANDONE	nely filed  s will be considered timel the mailing date of this c D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ly. ommunication.		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on _						
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☑ 1	This action is non-	final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935-C.B. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-81 is/are pending in the application	ation.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with	hdrawn from cons	ideration.				
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	dia alastian raqui	romant				
8) Claim(s) <u>1-81</u> are subject to restriction and	a/or election requi	rement.				
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Exa		1. 12444.	Francisco			
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)						
Applicant may not request that any objection to	o the drawing(s) be	if the drawing(s) is of	siected to See 37 C	:FR 1 121(d)		
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the control of the control	he Evaminer Note	the attached Office	Action or form P	TO-152.		
•	ne Examiner, 140te	, the attached office				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120  12)	oreian priority unde	er 35 U.S.C. & 119 <i>(</i> ;	a)-(d) or (f).			
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	oreign priority una	<i>y,</i> 00 0.0.0. 3 1 / 0(0	-, (-, -, (-,			
1. Certified copies of the priority docur	ments have been	received.	tion No			
<ul><li>2. Certified copies of the priority docur</li><li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the</li></ul>	ments nave been e priority documen	ts have been receiv	ed in this Nationa	l Stage		
application from the International B	ureau (PCT Rule	17.2(a)).		-		
* See the attached detailed Office action for a 13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dor	a list of the certifie	ed copies not receive	ed. (a) (to a provision:	al application)		
since a specific reference was included in the	he first sentence o	of the specification of	or in an Application	Data Sheet.		
37 CFR 1.78. a) ☐ The translation of the foreign languag	ro provisional appl	lication has been re	ceived			
a) I he translation of the foreign language  14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dor	mestic priority und	ler 35 U.S.C. §§ 126	0 and/or 121 since	e a specific		
reference was included in the first sentence	e of the specification	on or in an Application	on Data Sheet. 37	7 CFR 1.78.		
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		1) Interview Summar				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper N	•	5) Notice of Informal S) Other:	Fatent Application (P.)	10-102)		

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 11-03)

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Election/Restrictions

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- I. Claims 1-18 and 79, drawn to a porous metal scaffold, classified in class623, subclass 11.11.
- II. Claims 19-49, 61-69 and 80, drawn to a method-of forming a porous scaffold and an intermediate product of said method, classified in class 623, subclass 23.58.
- III. Claims 50-60, drawn to another method of forming a porous scaffold, classified in class 623, subclass 11.11.
- IV. Claims 70-72, drawn to a method of improving stability of a porous scaffold in an orthopedic implant, classified in class 623, subclass 16.11.
- V. Claims 73-78 and 81, drawn to a method of improving stability of a porous scaffold in an acetabular cup implant and an associated acetabular cup, classified in class 623, subclass 22.21.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

Inventions I and II are related as process of making and product made. The inventions are distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) that the process as claimed can be used to make other and materially different product or (2) that the product as claimed can be made by another and materially different process (MPEP § 806.05(f)). In the instant case the process of invention II can be used to make

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another materially different product since the polymer foam of the process is not required by the product.

Inventions I and III are related as process of making and product made. The inventions are distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) that the process as claimed can be used to make other and materially different product or (2) that the product as claimed can be made by another and materially different process (MPEP § 806.05(f)). In the instant case the process as claimed can be used to make another materially different product since the product of invention I does not require the spraying of an atomized mist as claimed by invention III.

Inventions I and IV are related as process of making and product made. The inventions are distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) that the process as claimed can be used to make other and materially different product or (2) that the product as claimed can be made by another and materially different process (MPEP § 806.05(f)). In the instant case the process of invention II can be used to make another materially different product since the polymer foam of the process is not required by the product.

Inventions I and V are related as process of making and product made. The inventions are distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) that the process as claimed can be used to make other and materially different product or (2) that the product as claimed can be made by another and materially different process (MPEP § 806.05(f)). In the instant case the process as claimed can be used to make

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another materially different product since the product of invention I does not require spaced member attached to a body.

Inventions II and III are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions are not capable of use together since they are different method-for-forming-a similar product. Furthermore, the methods clearly have different modes of operation since they are different methods.

Inventions II and IV are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions are not capable of use together since they are different method for forming a similar product. Furthermore, the methods clearly have different modes of operation since they are different methods.

Inventions II and V are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions are not capable of use together since they are different method for forming a similar product. Furthermore, the methods clearly have different modes of operation since they are different methods.

Inventions III and IV are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of

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operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions are not capable of use together since they are different method for forming a similar product. Furthermore, the methods clearly have different modes of operation since they are different methods.

Inventions III and V are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions are not capable of use together since they are different method for forming a similar product. Furthermore, the methods clearly have different modes of operation since they are different methods.

Inventions IV and V are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions are not capable of use together since they are different method for forming a similar product. Furthermore, the methods clearly have different modes of operation since they are different methods.

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and the search required for each of Groups I-V is not required for any of the remaining Groups I-V, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include an election of the invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143).

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Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected

invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one

or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim

remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by

a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Michael B. Priddy whose telephone number is (703)

308-8620. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon.-Fri. 8 a.m. - 5 p.m..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Kevin Shaver can be reached on (703) 308-2582. The fax phone number

for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9302.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or

proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-

1148.

Michael B. Priddy

December 30, 2003

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